

Wiki Processors

Processors are WikiMacros designed to provide alternative markup formats for the Wiki engine. Processors can be thought of as *macro functions to process user-edited text*.

Wiki processors can be used in any Wiki text throughout Trac, for various different purposes, like:

- syntax highlighting or for rendering text verbatim,
- rendering Wiki markup inside a context, like inside `<div>` blocks or `` or within `<td>` or `<th>` table cells,
- using an alternative markup syntax, like raw HTML and Restructured Text, or ?textile

Using Processors

To use a processor on a block of text, first delimit the lines using a *Wiki code block*:

```
{{{
The lines
that should be processed...
}}}
```

Immediately after the `{{{` or on the line just below, add `#!` followed by the *processor name*.

```
{{{
#!processorname
The lines
that should be processed...
}}}
```

This is the "shebang" notation, familiar to most UNIX users.

Besides their content, some Wiki processors can also accept *parameters*, which are then given as `key=value` pairs after the processor name, on the same line. If `value` has to contain space, as it's often the case for the `style` parameter, a quoted string can be used (`key="value with space"`).

As some processors are meant to process Wiki markup, it's quite possible to *nest* processor blocks. You may want to indent the content of nested blocks for increased clarity, this extra indentation will be ignored when processing the content.

Examples

Wiki Markup

Display

Example 1: Inserting raw HTML

```
{{{
#!html
<h1 style="color: grey">This is raw HTML</h1>
}}}
```

This is raw HTML

Example 2: Highlighted Python code in a <div> block with custom style

```
{{{#!div style="background: #ffd; border: 3px ridge" This is an example of embedded "code"
block:
```

This is an example of embedded "code" block:

```
def hello():
    return "world"

{{{
#!python
def hello():
    return "world"
}}}

}}}
```

Example 3: Searching tickets from a wiki page, by keywords.

```
{{{
#!html
<form action="/query" method="get"><div>
<input type="text" name="keywords" value="~" size="30"/>
<input type="submit" value="Search by Keywords"/>
<!-- To control what fields show up use hidden fields
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="id"/>
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="summary"/>
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="status"/>
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="milestone"/>
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="version"/>
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="owner"/>
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="priority"/>
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="component"/>
-->
</div></form>
}}}
```

Available Processors

The following processors are included in the Trac distribution:

#!default

Present the text verbatim in a preformatted text block. This is the same as specifying *no* processor name (and no #!)

#!comment

Do not process the text in this section (i.e. contents exist only in the plain text - not in the rendered page).

HTML related

#!html

Insert custom HTML in a wiki page.

#!htmlcomment

Insert an HTML comment in a wiki page (*since 0.12*).

Note that `#!html` blocks have to be *self-contained*, i.e. you can't start an HTML element in one block and close it later in a second block. Use the following processors for achieving a similar effect.

#!div

Wrap an arbitrary Wiki content inside a `<div>` element (*since 0.11*).

#!span

Wrap an arbitrary Wiki content inside a `` element (*since 0.11*).

#!td

Wrap an arbitrary Wiki content inside a `<td>` element (*since 0.12*)

#!th

Wrap an arbitrary Wiki content inside a `<th>` element (*since 0.12*)

#!tr

Can optionally be used for wrapping `#!td` and `#!th` blocks, either for specifying row attributes of better visual grouping (*since 0.12*)

See [WikiHtml](#) for example usage and more details about these processors.

Other Markups

#!rst

Trac support for Restructured Text. See [WikiRestructuredText](#).

#!textile

Supported if [?Textile](#) is installed. See [?a Textile reference](#).

Code Highlighting Support

#!c

Trac includes processors to provide inline syntax highlighting for source code in various languages.

#!cpp (C++)

#!python

#!perl

Trac relies on external software packages for syntax coloring, like [?Pygments](#).

#!ruby

#!php

See [TracSyntaxColoring](#) for information about which languages are supported and how to enable support for more languages.

#!asp

#!java

#!js (Javascript)

#!sql

#!xml (XML or HTML)

#!sh (Bourne/Bash shell)

etc.

Using the MIME type as processor, it is possible to syntax-highlight the same languages that are supported when browsing source code.

MIME Type Processors

Some examples:

```
{{{
#!text/html
<h1>text</h1>
}}}
```

<h1>text</h1>

The result will be syntax highlighted HTML code:

The same is valid for all other [mime types supported](#).

`#!diff` has a particularly nice renderer:

```
{{{
#!diff
--- Version 55
+++ Version 56
@@ -115,8 +115,9 @@
     name='TracHelloWorld', version='1.0',
     packages=find_packages(exclude=['*.tests*']),
-   entry_points = """
-       [trac.plugins]
-       helloworld = myplugins.helloworld
-   """
+   entry_points = {
+       'trac.plugins': [
+           'helloworld = myplugins.helloworld',
+       ],
+   },
+   )
}}}
```

• Version

```
115 115   name='TracHelloWorld', version='1.0',
116 116   packages=find_packages(exclude=['*.tests*']),
117       entry_points = """
118           [trac.plugins]
119           helloworld = myplugins.helloworld
120       """
117   entry_points = {
118       'trac.plugins': [
119           'helloworld = myplugins.helloworld',
120       ],
121   },
121 122 )
```

For more processor macros developed and/or contributed by users, visit:

- [ProcessorBazaar](#)
- [MacroBazaar](#)
- [Trac Hacks](#) community site

Developing processors is no different from Wiki macros. In fact they work the same way, only the usage syntax differs. See [WikiMacros#DevelopingCustomMacros](#) for more information.

See also: [WikiMacros](#), [WikiHtml](#), [WikiRestructuredText](#), [TracSyntaxColoring](#), [WikiFormatting](#), [TracGuide](#)